

**Top five work-related injury events by industry resulting in immediate hospitalization, 2013-2017 Washington.** Industries ordered by hospitalization rate.

	Forestry and Logging (n=61)	Construction (n=879)	Truck Transportation (n=107)	Services to Buildings and Dwellings (incl. Landscapers) (n=122)	Crop and Animal Production (Agriculture) (n=272)	Transportation and Warehousing, except Truck Transportation (n=104)	Employment Services (incl. temp agencies) (n=80)	Wholesale Trade (n=212)	Manufacturing (n=381)	Entertainment, Recreation, and Other Services (n=177)	Public Administration (n=166)	Accommodation and Food Service (n=144)	Retail Trade (n=249)	Educational Services (n=145)	Health Care and Social Assistance (n=170)	Information, Finance, Management Services (n=237)
	RATE: 158.0	122.4	98.3	83.9	66.2	39.1	36.5	34.8	29.5	28.3	24.7	16.4	16.3	15.9	10.6	10.1
1	Struck by (52%)	Fall from elevation (49%)	Fall from elevation (24%)	Fall from elevation (44%)	Fall from elevation (24%)	Fall same level (18%)	Struck by (30%)	Struck by (21%)	Struck by (23%)	Fall same level (23%)	Bodily reaction and exertion (22%)	Fall same level (28%)	Fall same level (33%)	Fall same level (43%)	Fall same level (42%)	Fall same level (27%)
2	Highway accident (13%)	Struck by (24%)	Highway accident (20%) Struck by (20%)	Struck by (16%)	Struck by (19%)	Struck by (17%)	Caught in (19%)	Fall from elevation (20%)	Caught in (21%)	Struck by (19%)	Fall same level (19%)	Fall from elevation (17%)	Fall from elevation (16%)	Fall from elevation (12%)	Caustic, noxious, allergic substance (9%)	Fall from elevation (17%)
3	(n<5)	Caught in (6%)	Fall same level (10%)	Fall same level (12%)	Caught in (17%)	Fall from elevation (15%)	Fall from elevation (16%) Fall same level (16%)	Caught in (18%)	Fall from elevation (13%)	Fall from elevation (18%)	Struck by (11%)	Contact w/ hot object, substance (15%)	Struck by (11%)	Bodily reaction and exertion (12%)	Bodily reaction and exertion (9%) Fall from elevation (9%)	Assault by animal (11%)
4		Fall same level (4%)	Caught in (6%) Pedestrian accident (6%)	Caught in (6%)	Transportation accident - Other (9%)	Highway accident (13%)	(n<5)	Highway accident (9%)	Falls same level (12%)	Caught in (10%)	Highway accident (8%)	Struck by (11%)	Bodily reaction and exertion (10%)	Struck by (8%)	Assault by person (7%) Struck by (7%)	Bodily reaction and exertion (10%)
5		Bodily reaction and exertion (3%)	(n<5)	Bodily reaction and exertion (5%) Highway accident (5%)	Fall same level (7%)	Bodily reaction and exertion (11%)		Fall same level (8%)	Bodily reaction and exertion (7%)	Assault by animal (6%) Highway accident (6%)	Assault by person (8%)	Assault by person (8%)	Highway accident (6%)	Highway accident (6%)	(n<5)	Struck by (9%)

**NOTE:** Rate=Workers' compensation claims involving in-patient hospitalization within one day of work injury per 100,000 FTE; n=number of hospitalizations. Data include Washington State Fund and self-insured accepted workers' compensation claims linked to hospital discharge data. Generally, industries grouped by NAICS sector unless number of cases were sufficient for grouping by subsector and event rank differed by subsector. Events classified according to OIICS v1.01. Events with <5 cases not shown. For details on the methodology see: [https://www.lni.wa.gov/safety/research/files/immed\\_hospitalizations\\_2014.pdf](https://www.lni.wa.gov/safety/research/files/immed_hospitalizations_2014.pdf)

Analysis by Safety and Health Assessment and Research for Prevention (SHARP) Program  
Washington State Department of Labor & Industries  
Publication number #100-01-2019

